

## Map Key: Examples of State Laws Entirely or Partially Based on AUL Model Legislation

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- **Chemical abortion reversal:** A requirement that abortion clinics meet the same patient care standards as other facilities performing outpatient surgeries
- **Limits insurance coverage of abortion:** Prohibiting insurance plans purchased through the state health insurance exchanges (from covering abortions; prohibiting abortion coverage for state employees)
- **Limits telemed abortions:** Requiring a physician to examine a woman before administering abortion-inducing drugs
- **Pain at 20 weeks:** Limiting abortions at five months of pregnancy, based partly on the ability of an unborn child to feel pain at 20 weeks of gestation
- **Strengthens parental consent:** Notarized parental consent and/or proof of ID before a minor's abortion
- **Restricts state funding of abortion:** Prohibiting the disbursement of federal and state funds to entities performing abortions or providing abortion referrals
- **Admitting privileges:** Abortion providers must maintain admitting privileges at a local hospital
- **Restricts Medicaid payments:** Restricting Medicaid payments for abortions. Specifically, the law defines "medically necessary abortions" to limit the number of abortions that state taxpayers must pay for under Medicaid
- **Bans abortion due to genetic abnormalities:** Prohibits abortions sought solely on account of a child's sex or because the child has been diagnosed with a genetic abnormality
- **Same standards as ambulatory care:** A requirement that abortion clinics meet the same patient care standards as other facilities performing outpatient surgeries